PIXEL PROTOTYPE CABLES AND SERVICE INTEGRATION WITH MODULE

JUNE 3, 1999

MODULE MEETING

E. ANDERSSEN, LBNL/CERN

MODULE/POWER SUPPLY PARAMETERS

	Voltage)	Cı	ırrent	Line	Drop	Type I	Type II	Type III	Type IV	Type V	Pigtail
Power Supply	Max	Nominal	Max	Nominal	Allowed	Worst Case	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Nominal	Nominal
VDD	6.000	4	2	1.52	2	2.067	0.415	0.376	0.272	0.554	0.200	0.250
VDDA	6.000	3.5	1.2	1.08	2	1.942	0.295	0.267	0.303	0.626	0.200	0.250
VCCA	4.000	1.75	1.5	1.44	2	1.982	0.393	0.357	0.258	0.525	0.200	0.250
VVDC	-	4	-	0.1	-	1.490	0.207	0.746	0.028	0.058	0.200	0.250
VPIN	-	10	-	0.0005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISET0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ISET1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RESET	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VDET	-	700	0.004	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- NUMBERS USED TO SIZE CABLES ARE FOR WORST CASE AT THE END OF LIFE
 - ESTIMATE BASED ON CURRENT PROTOTYPE ELECTRONICS.
- CURRENT QUOTED ABOVE IS FOR TWO MODULES IN PARALLEL (POWER SUPPLY)
 - B-LAYER MODULES MAY HAVE UP TO 30% MORE DISSIPATION AND USE DIFFERENT TABLE/CABLE SIZES
- CABLE CHAIN OUT TO RACKS HAS BEEN SIZED AND NEEDS REVIEW
- CABLE PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS HAVE NOT BEEN CONSIDERED
 - CAPACITANCE, NOISE REJECTION, EMI
 - PERFORMANCE OF 140M CHAIN
 - IMPACT ON PERFORMANCE DUE TO CONNECTORS
 - TWISTED PAIR
- SYSTEM TEST OF FULL LENGTH CABLES WITH FLEX PLANNED FOR SUMMER 99



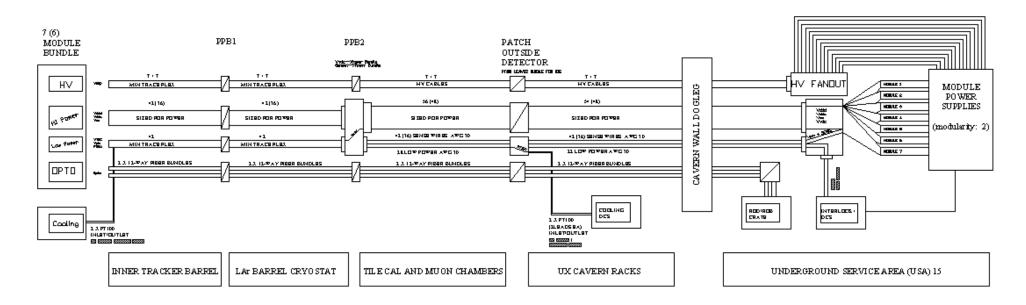
CABLE PLANT

- Design to integrate bundles well with Structure/Modularity
- CABLES SIZED BASED ON LOCAL OPTIMIZATIONS, E.G. MASS, VOLTAGE DROP FOR A GIVEN REGION
- OVERALL VOLTAGE DROP LIMITED TO 2.0V
- PP3 INTRODUCED TO ALLOW FOR JUMP TO LARGER SIZE FOR LONG RUN

 CABLE TYPE 1
 CABLE TYPE III
 CABLE TYPE VI
 CABLE TYPE VI

 (Alwire/Ou Flex)
 (Alwire-LOW VOL.)
 (Cuwire LOW RES.)
 (Cuwire-ROUTING)

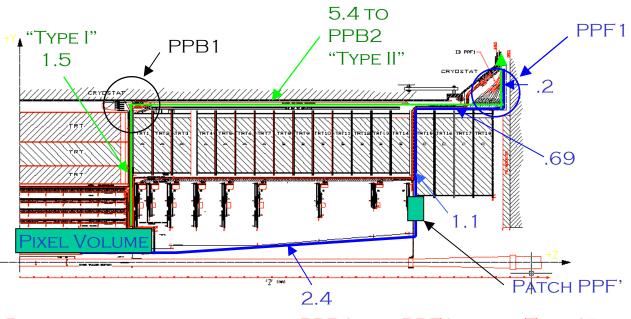
 (LOW MASS)
 (LOW MASS)







B-LAYER SERVICES ARE DIFFERENT

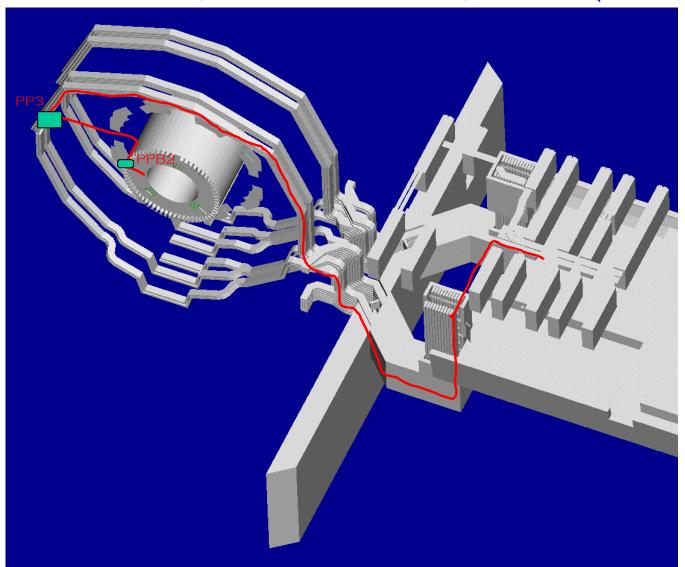


B-LAYER ROUTING IS SHOWN IN BLUE, THE REST OF THE PIXEL SERVICES ARE ROUTED ALONG THE GREEN PATH.

- POWER CABLES CHANGE SIZE AT PPB1 AND PPF1 FROM "Type 1" TO "Type 2"
- Type 1 is sized for the 1.5m run from inside Pixel Volume to PPB1 through "GAP"
- FOR B-LAYER, THIS LEADS TO AN EXCESSIVE VOLTAGE DROP IF TRANSITION MUST OCCUR AT PPF 1
 - Type I is only sized for 1.5m length
- NOMINAL DROP IN TYPE 1& 2 IS 0.4V-TYPE 2 IS USUALLY 5.4M LONG, BUT FOR B-LAYER IS 2.7(+)
 - Propose to Increase Type II cross section slightly and either:
 - INCREASE WIRE SIZES TO MAKE TYPE IB @ 0.6V FOR 3M LENGTH (SLIGHTLY MORE MASSIVE)
 - MAKE A TYPE I CABLE WITH LENGTH 2.25M (150% LENGTH OF TYPE 1 CABLE) TO MAKE VOLTAGE DROP OF 0.6V (INTRODUCES AUXILIARY TRANSITION IN ADDITION TO PATCH PANEL)



WORST CASE ROUTING TO THE RACKS (USA 15)







PIXEL DETECTOR

LOW MASS CABLE DEFINITION

		Material/		Trace	Conductor			OD or		PF = 2
		Area for Nom ∆V	Nearest	Width	Area			Thickness	Width	Area
Cable	Circuit Name	mm^2	AWG	mm	mm^2	ΔV	quantity	mm	mm	mm^2
HV		Copper Flex			Cu					
	VDET	-		0.5	0.0125		14	0.10	3.00	8.40
Hi Power		Aluminum Wire			Al					
	VDD		26	-	0.1550	0.415	14	1.07	1.07	32.06
	VDDA		26	-	0.1550	0.295	14	1.07	1.07	32.06
	VCC		26	-	0.1550	0.393	14	1.07	1.07	32.06
Low Power		Copper Flex			Cu					
	VVDC	-		0.5	0.0125	0.373	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	VPIN	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	ISET0	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	ISET1	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
Flex Foil	RESET	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
0.025	PT1000 Module	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
mm	PT1000 Cooling	-		0.5	0.0125	-	0	0.10	1.00	0.00
ОРТО		12-way Bundle								
	Fiber bundle			-	-	-	2	0.32	3.06	1.96
										1

					TYPE I	II (7 Modu	le) (∆V non	ninal 0.4V/5.	4m)	
		Material/		Trace	Conductor	•		OD or		PF = 2
		Area for Nom ΔV	Nearest	Width	Area			Thickness	Width	Area
Cable	Circuit Name	mm^2	AWG	mm	mm^2	ΔV	quantity	mm	mm	mm^2
HV		Copper Flex			Cu					
	VDET	-		0.5	0.0125		14	0.10	3.00	8.40
Hi Power		Aluminum Wire			Al					
	VDD		20	-	0.6150	0.376	14	1.54	1.54	66.40
	VDDA		20	-	0.6150	0.267	14	1.54	1.54	66.40
	VCC		20	-	0.6150	0.357	14	1.54	1.54	66.40
Low Power		Copper Flex			Cu					
	VVDC	-		0.5	0.0125	1.344	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
Flex Foil	VPIN	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	ISET0	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	ISET1	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
	RESET	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
0.025	PT1000 Module	-		0.5	0.0125	-	14	0.10	1.00	2.80
mm	PT1000 Cooling	-		0.5	0.0125	-	0	0.10	1.00	0.00
ОРТО		12-way Bundle								
	Fiber bundle			-	-	-	2	0.32	3.06	1.96



PIXEL DETECTOR

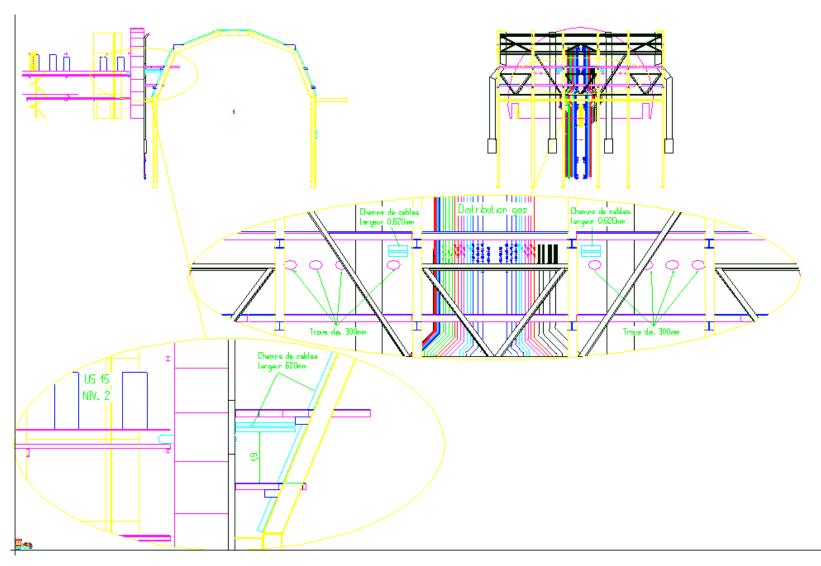
CONVENTIONAL CABLES

Cable Circuit Name Area for Nom ΔV mm²2 Nearest AWG mm Width mm mm²2 Av mm²2 ΔV mm²2 Thickness mm mm²2 Width mm mm²2 Area mm²2 HV Copper Wire Cu 7 1.00 1.00 14.00 Hi Power Copper Wire Cu 7 1.00 1.00 14.00 WDD 14 - 1.9300 0.272 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VDDA 16 - 1.2300 0.303 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 VVDC 14 - 1.9300 0.258 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 Low Power Copper Wire Cu Cu 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Copper Wire Cu Cu Cu Cu Cu ISETO - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET1 - 30 -					_		ii (/ Miout	ıle) (∆V noı		-0,	
Cable Circuit Name mm²2 AWG mm mm²2 ΔV quantity mm mm mm²2 HV Copper Wire Cu 7 1.00 1.00 14.00 Hi Power Copper Wire Cu 7 1.00 1.00 14.00 VDD 14 - 1.9300 0.272 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VDDA 16 - 1.2300 0.303 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 VCC 14 - 1.9300 0.258 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VVDC 16 - 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Cu Cu Cu 14 0.31 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 ISET1 - 30 - - 14 0.31					Trace	Conductor			OD or		PF = 2
Note Note			Area for Nom ∆V	Nearest	Width	Area			Thickness	Width	Area
NDET	Cable	Circuit Name	mm^2	AWG	mm	mm^2	ΔV	quantity	mm	mm	mm^2
Copper Wire Cu	HV		Copper Wire			Cu					
VDD 14 - 1.9300 0.272 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VDDA 16 - 1.2300 0.303 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 VCC 14 - 1.9300 0.258 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VVDC 16 - 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Cu Cu - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET0 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 14 0.31 <td< td=""><td></td><td>VDET</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>7</td><td>1.00</td><td>1.00</td><td>14.00</td></td<>		VDET	-					7	1.00	1.00	14.00
VDDA 16 - 1.2300 0.303 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 VCC 14 - 1.9300 0.258 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VVDC 16 - 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Copper Wire Cu - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET0 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 OPTO 12-way Bundle - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00<	Hi Power		Copper Wire			Cu					
VCC 14 - 1.9300 0.258 14 2.39 2.39 159.9 VVDC 16 - 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Copper Wire Cu Cu - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISETO - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 OPTO 12-way Bundle - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		VDD		14	_	1.9300	0.272	14	2.39	2.39	159.94
VVDC 16 - 1.2300 0.051 14 1.94 1.94 105.3 Low Power Copper Wire Cu Cu - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISETO - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 OPTO 12-way Bundle - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		VDDA		16	-	1.2300	0.303	14	1.94	1.94	105.38
Low Power Copper Wire Cu 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET0 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 ISET1 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 2.60 OPTO 12-way Bundle - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		VCC		14	-	1.9300	0.258	14	2.39	2.39	159.94
VPIN - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET0 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 ISET1 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00 OPTO 12-way Bundle - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		VVDC		16	-	1.2300	0.051	14	1.94	1.94	105.38
SENSE - 30 - - 42 0.31 0.31 7.81 ISET0 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 ISET1 - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00 OPTO 12-way Bundle - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00	Low Power		Copper Wire			Cu					
ISETO		VPIN	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
ISET1		SENSE	-	30	-		-	42	0.31	0.31	7.81
RESET - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00 OPTO 12-way Bundle - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		ISET0	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
PT1000 Module - 30 - - 14 0.31 0.31 2.60 PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00 OPTO 12-way Bundle - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		ISET1	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
PT1000 Cooling - 30 - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00 OPTO 12-way Bundle - - 0 0.31 0.31 0.00		RESET	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
OPTO 12-way Bundle		PT1000 Module	_	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
		PT1000 Cooling	_	30	_		-	0	0.31	0.31	0.00
Fiber bundle 2 0.32 3.06 1.96	ОРТО		12-way Bundle								
		Fiber bundle			_	-	-	2	0.32	3.06	1.96

					TYPE IV	V (7 Modul	e) (∆V nom	ninal 0.50V/1	00m)	
		Material/		Trace	Conductor			OD or		PF = 2
		Area for Nom ΔV	Nearest	Width	Area			Thickness	Width	Area
Cable	Circuit Name	mm^2	AWG	mm	mm^2	ΔV	quantity	mm	mm	mm^2
HV		Copper Wire			Cu					
	VDET	-					7	1.00	1.00	14.00
Hi Power		Copper Wire			Cu					
	VDD		10	-	4.7400	0.554	14	3.51	3.51	344.96
	VDDA		12	-	2.9800	0.626	14	2.86	2.86	229.03
	VCC		10	-	4.7400	0.525	14	3.51	3.51	344.96
	VVDC		12	-	2.9800	0.104	14	2.86	2.86	229.03
Low Power		Copper Wire			Cu					
	VPIN	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
	SENSE	-	30	-		-	42	0.31	0.31	7.81
	ISET0	-	30	_		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
	ISET1	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
	RESET	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
	PT1000 Module	-	30	-		-	14	0.31	0.31	2.60
	PT1000 Cooling	-	30	-		-	0	0.31	0.31	0.00
ОРТО		12-way Bundle								
	Fiber bundle			-	-	-	2	0.32	3.06	1.96



US 15 ELEVATION







CIRCUIT SENSITIVITY

Circuit	Current (Max)	Current (USED)
Vcc	0.75	0.6
Vddd	1.5	0.75
Vdda	0.6	0.45
PT100	0	0
Optical link	1.00E-05	1.00E-05
VCSEL	1.00E-05	1.00E-05
Bias Voltage	2.00E-03	1.60E-03

BUNDLE INDICATIVE OF SERVICE CROSS SECTION (Type I. II)

Compacted



Compacted



Tied Cincular

Tied Cincular



Flattened





Type I Options

Type II Options

SENSITIVITY TO CHANGES IN PARAMETERS

CURRENT/POWER

- SLIGHT SENSITIVITY FOR SMALL CHANGES
 - <10% (+/-) EQUIVELANT TO 1 CABLE SIZE INCREASE FOR 1 TRACE

NUMBER OF CIRCUITS

- HAS INCREASED TO ALLOW FOR CONTROL OF OPTO'S.
- Sense wires only proceed into PPB2

NOISE REJECTION

- TWISTED PAIR DOUBLES WIRE AREA (FROM NON-TWISTED)
 - 40% INCREASE FROM BEFORE.

FIBER MODULARITY

- Currently Bundles come modulo 12 which does NOT FASILY DIVIDE INTO 13 X 3
 - POSSIBLE 30% INCREASE IN FIBER CROSS-SECTION

MODULE SERVICES MAY UP TO DOUBLE IN FACE AREA FROM CURRENT BEST ESTIMATES.

FULL SCALE TESTING OF MODULE POWER CHAIN IS NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THEY MAY INCREASE

SERVICES AS ROUTED **ENVELOPE** (1 MM CLEARANCE) CABLE RETAINER SCT END FLANGE SERVICE PACKING LAID OUT FOR FLAT PANEL FORWARD FRAME FROM CAD MODELS WITH TWISTED PAIR SIZED FOR WORST CASE POWER, WE ARE NEAR LIMIT OF SPACE AVAILABLE **EXIT OF BARREL SERVICES** FROM INTERIOR OF FRAME NEED **CLOSE ATTENTION AND** PHYSICAL MODEL TO ASSESS **REAL SPACE INCREASES IN CROSS SECTION** FROM THIS CASE IS UNTENABLE

SPACE-WISE-WOULD NEED TO

GO TO FLEX CABLES FROM WIRE

QUESTIONS TO ANSWER

- IMMEDIATE (THIS MONTH)
 - Number of Circuits (please no more)
 - ARE CONDUCTOR SIZES ADEQUATE
 - Is Philosophy acceptable (as opposed to local regulation)
- Not so immediate (6 months)
 - FLAT VS. ROUND
 - GROUNDING AND SHIELDING OF CABLES
 - Possibility of rad hard voltage regulation at PPB2
- BEYOND PROTOTYPE CABLES (6 MONTHS)
 - How to proceed on differences with B-Layer
 - NUMBER/TYPE/SIZE OF NON-MODULE SERVICES
 - GROUNDING
 - SHIELDING
 - HEATERS
 - DCS SENSORS THAT AREN'T RELATED TO MODULES (E.G. SERVICES TEMP)
 - COOLING SENSORS
 - ROD STUFFS



CABLE PROTOTYPING

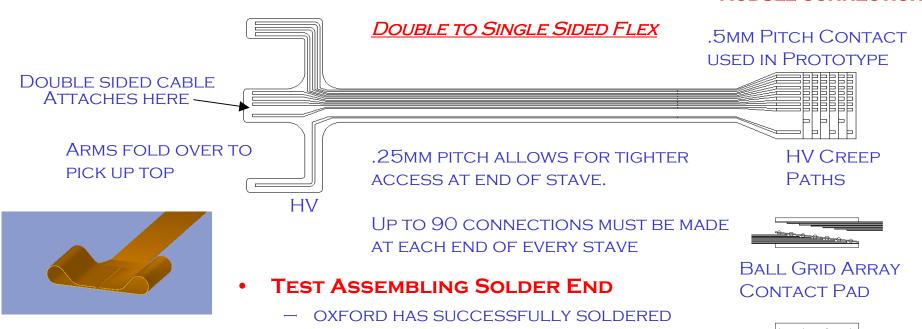
- LBNL is prepared to provide all prototypes for Cable
- Would like to have available by Sept Test Beam
- FLAT FLEX (5.4M AND 1.5M) TO FOLLOW END OF OCT
- PROPOSE:
 - PROVIDE SINGLE MODULE CABLES AT FIRST
 - BRING POWER (ONLY) IN ON LONG CABLES-LEAVE CONTROL SIGNALS AND VVDC TO ITERATION WITH FLEX CABLES
 - TEST TWISTED AND NON-TWISTED CABLE PERFORMANCE, POSSIBLY IN SIMULATED NOISE ENVIRONMENT
 - REBUILD INFRASTRUCTURE TO MAKE LARGE FLEX (FOR END OF OCT)
 - Make single module realistic cables with power and control signals (including optical link)-Round + Flex Solution & Flex/Flex if desired
 - INTENDED FOR ITERATION OF MODULE WITH OPTOLINK ON BOARD
 - <<CHECK POINT>> DECIDE WHAT CABLE OPTION SET TO PURSUE (JAN '00)
 - Make Full length Cable Bundles for Spring '00
 - PIGTAIL DESIGNS NEED TO PROCEED ALONG SIMILAR LINES
 - NEED TO CHECK INTEGRATION WITH FLEX-HYBRID PHASING/SCHEDULE



PIXEL DETECTOR

PIGTAIL PROTOTYPE TESTING

NOT PIGTAIL TO MODULE CONNECTION



 MAKING (SMALL) DOUBLE SIDED FLEX TO TEST CACTUS END

0.5MM PITCH STRAIGHT CABLE

TESTING ARRAY TECHNIQUE

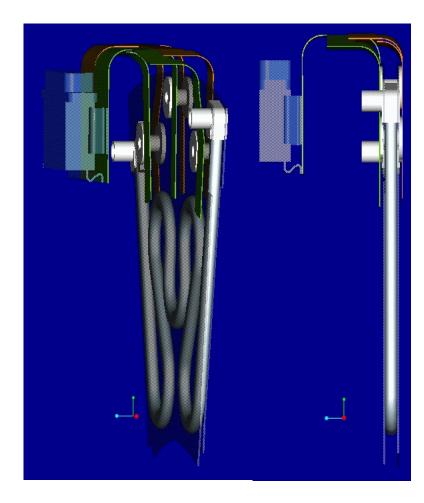
- MAY TRY SOLDERING THIS AS WELL-SAMPLES EXIST OF NI/AU PLATED AL SOLDERED TO Cu.
- IS SOLDER ACCEPTABLE THIS CLOSE TO DETECTOR?



JUNE 99 PRAGUE MODULE SESSION



PHYSICAL INTEGRATION OF TERMINATIONS



JUNE 99 PRAGUE MODULE SESSION

- WANT TO MINIMIZE PART-COUNT PER BUNDLE-INTEGRATE ALL PIGTAILS INTO ONE MULTI-LAYER FLEX
- REDUCING NUMBER OF CONNECTORS
 - REDUCES SPACE AT PATCH PANELS
 - REDUCES TIME FOR MAINTENANCE
 - MATCHES STRUCTURAL MODULARITY
 - REQUIRES ALTERNATE WAY OF TESTING INDIVIDUAL MODULES
 - INCREASES EXPENSE OF PIGTAIL (?)
- Take advantage of accuracy of Flex-Circuit production as Larger integrating structure
 - DISCUSS MIGRATION OF COMPONENTS FROM HYBRID TO PIGTAIL?
 - Possible Layout advantages in Barrel
 - OPTO-ELECTRICAL HARNESS (LIKE SCT)?

 PIXEL DETECTOR INTEGRATION

E. ANDERSSEN LBNL/CERN

MODULE MECHANICS

- BEGIN TO LOOK AT THE MECHANICAL INTEGRATION OF SERVICES INTO THE MODULE
 - 3D MODELS OF MODULE AND ASSEMBLY TOOLING TO BE CREATED TO
 ~20MICRON RESOLUTION AND MAINTAINED
- PHYSICAL ASPECTS OF ELECTRICAL CONNECTION
 - How are *ALL* of the connections made
 - PHYSICAL AND CAD MODELS
- FEM of module as a whole
 - THERMAL/HYGROSCOPIC BEHAVIOR OF FLEX (HYBRID AND PIGTAIL)
 - LOADS INDUCED DURING ASSEMBLY OF MODULE
 - GUARANTEE ADEQUATE LOAD TRANSFER FOR ALL ASPECTS OF ASSEMBLY TO GUARD AGAINST MODULE DAMAGE
- Loads induced *BY* THE SERVICES ON THE MODULE
 - WILL USE RESULTS OF BEHAVIOR OF KAPTON FLEX MATERIALS FROM MODULE ANALYSIS
 - LEADS TO ABILITY TO BETTER ASSESS LOADS OF SERVICES ON DETECTOR AS A WHOLE



DESIGN OF PIGTAILS

- STAVE AND SECTOR PIGTAILS ARE DESIGNED COLLABORATIVELY
 - WOULD LIKE TO SHARE COMMON TERMINATION METHOD TO MODULE
 - RIGHT AND LEFT HYBRID FOR STAVE-WHICH FOR SECTOR?
- WILL MAKE AND MAINTAIN CAD AND FEA MODELS OF MODULES AT LBNL
 - TIES INTO MODULE ASSEMBLY/ PLACEMENT WORK ALSO CONDUCTED AT LBNL IN THE NEAR TERM
- Work on module placement tooling is tied to Pigtail Termination
 - LBNL will prototype connection of pigtail to module in concert with Bonn
 - END-EFFECTOR FOR MODULE HANDLING WILL BE DEVELOPED AT LBNL AND USED ON BOTH SECTOR AND STAVE PLACEMENT TOOLING
 - NEEDS TO RESPECT BOTH STAVE AND SECTOR PIGTAIL DESIGN

